

RUMEX MARITIMUS L. (POLYGONACEAE): A NEW LARVAL HOST PLANT FOR *EUREMA HECABE* (INSECTA: LEPIDOPTERA: PIERIDAE)

ADITYA KARMAKAR¹ & RAJIB DEY²

¹ Department of Zoology, Netaji Subhash Mahavidyalaya, Udaipur 799120, Tripura, India.

^{*2} Amarabati Road, Madhyamgram, Kolkata 700130, West Bengal, India

rajibdey88@gmail.com

Reviewer: Piet van der Poel

Abstract

Rumex maritimus L. is reported as a new larval host plant for *Eurema hecabe*.

Keywords: *Rumex maritimus*, *Eurema hecabe*, larval host plant, Tripura, India.

Introduction

Eurema hecabe (Linnaeus, 1758), a polyphagous pierid (<https://butterflycircle.blogspot.com>), is widely distributed in Thailand, Japan, China, Indo-China, India, Indonesia and New Guinea to Australia (Yata, 1995). Many authors expressed the importance of the knowledge of the early stages of insects and food plants (Bortamuly & Dey, 2021), but no comprehensive study was conducted in Tripura state till now (Deb & Mandal, 2021).

Materials and Methods

On 02.v.2021, AK observed an *Eurema hecabe* butterfly laying eggs singly on both sides of the leaves, fruits and seeds of *Rumex maritimus* at Gomati riverbank, Chhanban, Udaipur, Tripura (23°32'43" N 91°29'05" E). An egg was collected by AK and put into a properly ventilated plastic box. It grew into an adult butterfly by feeding on the *Rumex* leaves provided. It eclosed on 19.v.2021. The adult butterfly (Figure No. 1) and all early stages (Table No. 1) were compared with Kehimkar

(2016) and Bell (1913) respectively. During this opportunistic survey, no parasites were observed. Additionally, immature stages of other individuals of the species were observed in the natural environment.

Rumex maritimus, commonly known as Golden Dock, is an annual herb which generally grows on the banks of rivers, lakes and ponds. It is distributed across India, China, North America, Pakistan etc. (<https://indiabiodiversity.org/species/show/266389>).

Results

RD diligently reviewed the previously published literature (if available). *Leguminosae*, *Apocynaceae*, *Rhamnaceae*, *Euphorbiaceae*, *Cucurbitaceae*, *Theaceae*, *Rubiaceae*, *Guttiferae*, *Osmundaceae*, *Santalaceae*, *Compositae*, *Verbenaceae* families were earlier reported as its host plants (Robinson *et al.*, (2001; Nitin *et al.*, 2018), but the family *Polygonaceae* as well as *Rumex maritimus* were unreported till this record.

Table 1. Mean sizes of the life-history parameters of *Eurema hecabe* when reared on *Rumex maritimus*

Date	Length in mm	Metamorphosis
02.v.2021	1.2 ± 0.05	Laid eggs (10:00 am)
04.v.2021	2.0 ± 0.2	Egg hatched (5:00 pm)

06.v.2021	3.7 ± 0.2	Dormant prior to its 1 st moult (12:00 pm)
07.v.2021	7.0 ± 0.2	Dormant prior to its 2 nd moult (7:30 pm)
09.v.2021	14.0 ± 0.5	Dormant prior to its 3 rd moult (1.00 am)
10.v.2021	17.0 ± 0.5	Dormant prior to its 4 th moult (12:30 pm)
13.v.2021	19.0 ± 0.5	Pupa (8.00 am)
'19.v.2021	-	Eclosed into adult butterfly (7:31 am)

The successful breeding and emergence of *Eurema hecabe* on *Rumex maritimus* confirms the extension of its dietary choice which provides potential to adapt to the various habitats in its distribution.

Acknowledgement

The authors express their gratitude to Mr. Arghya Chakravorty, Mr. Samiran Roy, Mr. Isaac David Kehimkar, Dr. Dipti Das and Mr. Suman Biswas for assistance in preparation of the manuscript.

References

Bell, T.R. 1913. The common butterflies of the plains of India (including those met with in the hills station of the Bombay Presidency). *Journal of the Bombay Natural History Society* 22: 527-530.

Bortamuly, S. & R. Dey. 2021. *Dioscorea esculenta* (Lour.) Burkill as a larval host plant of *Tagiades japedus* (Stoll, [1781]) (Insecta: Lepidoptera: Hesperiiidae). *Bionotes* 23(2&3): 50-53.

Deb, N.C. & S. Mandal. 2021. New larval host plant of the Copper Flash from Unakoti, Tripura, India. *Bugs R All #200*, In: *Zoo's Print* 36(8): 04–07.

Kehimkar, I. 2016. *Butterflies of India*. Bombay Natural History Society, Mumbai. xii + 528 pp.

Nitin, R., V.C. Balakrishnan, P.V. Churi, S. Kalesh, S. Prakash & K. Kunte. 2018. Larval host plants of the butterflies of the Western Ghats, India. *Journal of Threatened Taxa*. 10(4): 11495–11550; <http://doi.org/10.11609/jott.3104.10.4.11495-11550>

Robinson, G., P.R. Ackery, I.J. Kitching, G.W. Beccaloni & L.M. Hernandez. 2001. *Hostplants of the moth and butterfly caterpillars of the Oriental Region*. The Natural History Museum, London & Southdene Snd. Bht. Kuala Lumpur. 744 pp.

Vattakaven T., R. George, D. Balasubramanian, M. Réjou-Méchain, G. Muthusankar, B. Ramesh & R. Prabhakar. 2016. India Biodiversity Portal: An integrated, interactive and participatory biodiversity informatics platform. *Biodiversity Data Journal* 4: e10279. <https://doi.org/10.3897/BDJ.4.e10279>

Yata, O. 1995. A revision of the Old World species of the Genus *Eurema* Hübner (Lepidoptera, Pieridae). Part V. description of the *hecabe* group (part). *Bulletin of the Kitakyushu Museum of Natural History* 14: 1-54; 1-35 pl.



Fig.1: *Eurema hecabe* laying egg on *Rumex maritimus*



Fig.2: *Eurema hecabe* egg on *Rumex maritimus*



Fig.3: *Eurema hecabe* caterpillar on *Rumex maritimus*



Fig.4: *Eurema hecabe* caterpillar on *Rumex maritimus*



Fig.5: *Eurema hecabe* pupa



Fig.6: *Eurema hecabe* adult